

**Chapter 5 Performance Task** (continued)

**Rubric**

Mixing Paint	Points
1. The student correctly states the ratio in any form. $5 : 2$ ; 5 to 2; $\frac{5}{2}$	<b>2</b> Correct identifies the ratio
2. 2.5 parts yellow tint; 0.5 gal base paint	<b>2</b> Total possible points <b>1</b> Point for each correct calculation
3. $\frac{3}{1} = \frac{r}{3}$ $\frac{2}{1} = \frac{b}{3}$ $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{y}{3}$ $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{w}{3}$ $r = 9$ $b = 6$ $y = 3$ $w = 3$ 9 parts red, 6 parts blue, 3 parts yellow, 3 parts white	<b>8</b> Total possible points <b>1</b> Point for each correct proportion <b>1</b> Point for each correct calculation
4. plum purple; There will be 2 gallons of paint. The ratio of tints will be 6 : 4 : 2 : 2 for red, blue, yellow, and white. This is the same ratio of tints for 2 gallons of plum purple paint.	<b>4</b> Thoughtful response that references ratios <b>2</b> Well-written response without reference to ratios <b>1</b> Poorly written response without reference to ratios
5. For 1 gallon of dark pink paint, the ratio of red tint to white tint is 3 : 1. So, for 3 gallons of the same shade, the ratio is 9 : 3, or 9 parts red tint to 3 parts white tint, not 2 parts white tint.	<b>4</b> Thoughtful response that references ratios <b>2</b> Well-written response without reference to ratios <b>1</b> Poorly written response without reference to ratios
<b>Mathematical Practices:</b> Create sound arguments and analyze the arguments of others. Students will use ratios to identify an error.	<b>3</b> The student uses knowledge of ratios and reasoning to effectively create and analyze arguments. Award partial credit as needed.
<b>Total Points</b>	<b>25 points</b>